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this part for exports of peanuts under nonphysical supervision.

- (3) Upon verification of product yield by the marketing association, approval of the form CCC-1006, and approval of the letter of credit, a product export obligation will be established on marketing association ledgers and the processor will be notified of the quantity of product export obligation.
- (4) Upon receipt of proof of export that is acceptable to the marketing association, the processor, with the concurrence of the marketing association, may reduce the letter of credit to the extent that such letter of credit exceeds the amount determined by the marketing association, in accordance with instructions issued by FSA, to be necessary to assure compliance by the processor with the provisions in this part.
- (d) Applicability of regulations. By registering as a handler and selecting a method of supervision in accordance with this section, a processor of peanuts shall be considered to have agreed:
- (1) To perform in accordance with the provisions of this part;
- (2) That the provisions of this part such as access to facilities, fraud, liens against peanuts on which penalty is due, and any other provisions that apply to a handler of additional peanuts, shall apply to the processor; and
- (3) That the processor shall be considered as a handler for purposes of applying the penalty provisions of this part.
- (e) Records. A peanut processor shall maintain records that will enable the marketing association or other representative of the Secretary to determine compliance with the provisions of this section.

§ 1446.415 Prohibition on importation or reentry of contract additional peanuts.

Neither exported contract additional peanuts nor peanut products made from additional peanuts shall be imported or reentered in commercial quantities by anyone into the United States in any form. If contract additional peanuts or peanut products made from such peanuts are imported or reentered into the United States,

the handler importing such peanuts or peanut products shall be liable for a penalty assessed in accordance with this part, for reentering contract additional peanuts.

§ 1446.416 Suspension of restrictions on imported peanuts.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, if the President issues a proclamation under Section 404(b) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 USCS §3601(b)) expanding the quantity of peanuts subject to the in-quota rate of duty under a tariff-rate quota, or under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustments Act (7 U.S.C. 624), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 temporarily suspending restrictions on the importation of peanuts, a handler, with the written consent of the producer and CCC, may purchase additional peanuts from any producer who, in accordance with this part, contracted with the handler to deliver additional peanuts to such handler and may use such peanuts for sale for domestic edible use without incurring any marketing penalty for failure to crush or export such peanuts. However, the maximum quantity of peanuts that may be purchased by such handler in accordance with this provision of this section is the quantity of contract additional peanuts that remains undelivered by such producer under the contract. For purposes of application of this section, a proclamation temporarily increasing the import quota shall not be considered the same as a temporary suspension of restrictions on the importation of peanuts.

[56 FR 16230, Apr. 19, 1991, as amended at 65 FR 64595, Oct. 30, 2000]

§ 1446.417 Loss of peanuts.

Should a handler suffer a loss of peanuts as a result of fire, flood or any other condition beyond the control of the handler, the portion of such loss that may be attributed to contract additional peanuts, as determined by the marketing association shall not be greater than an amount determined by dividing the total of the contract additional peanuts acquired by the handler during the year by such handler's total